## **Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

## **Listing of Claims:**

- 1-5. (Cancelled)
- 6. (Currently Amended) A pharmaceutical composition comprising:
- a) a therapeutically effective amount of hepatic glutathione increasing compound for reducing insulin resistance, wherein the hepatic glutathione increasing compound is at least one of N-acetylcysteine, cysteine esters, L-2-oxothiazolidine-4-carboxolate (OTC), gamma glutamylcysteine and its ethyl ester, glutathione ethyl ester, glutathione isopropyl ester, lipoic acid, cystine, cysteine, methionine, or S-adenosylmethionine (SAMe), and
- b) a therapeutically effective amount of hepatic nitric oxide <u>donor donors</u> for reducing insulin resistance, <u>wherein the hepatic nitric oxide donor is at least one of SIN-1</u>, <u>molsidamine</u>, <u>nitrosylated N-acetylcysteine</u>, <u>nitrosylated cysteine esters</u>, <u>nitrosylated L-2-oxothiazolidine-4-carboxolate (NOTC)</u>, <u>nitrosylated gamma glutamylcysteine and its ethyl ester</u>, <u>nitrosylated glutathione ethyl ester</u>, <u>nitrosylated glutathione isopropyl ester</u>, <u>nitrosylated lipoic acid</u>, <u>nitrosylated cysteine</u>, <u>nitrosylated cysteine</u>, <u>nitrosylated methionine</u>, <u>or nitrosylated S-adenosylmethionine</u>.
- 7. (Withdrawn) A pharmaceutical composition comprising at least one of nitrosylated N-acetylcysteine, nitrosylated cysteine esters, nitrosylated L-2-oxothiazolidine-4-carboxolate (NOTC), nitrosylated gamma glutamylcysteine and its ethyl ester, nitrosylated glutathione ethyl ester, nitrosylated glutathione isopropyl ester, nitrosylated lipoic acid, nitrosylated cysteine, nitrosylated cystine, nitrosylated methionine, or nitrosylated S-adenosylmethionine.
- 8. (Previously Presented) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 6 further comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable antioxidant.

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- 9. (Previously Presented) A method of reducing insulin resistance in a mammalian patient having lower than normal hepatic glutathione levels, said method comprising: selecting a patient suffering from insulin resistance; determining if hepatic glutathione levels are lower than normal in the patient; and administering the composition of claim 6.
- 10. (Previously Presented) A method of reducing insulin resistance in a mammalian patient comprising administering the composition of claim 6.
- 11. (Previous Presented) The composition of claim 6 further comprising albumin, liposomes, or bile salts.
- 12. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 9 wherein the insulin resistance is HISS dependent insulin resistance (HDIR).
- 13. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 9 wherein the hepatic glutathione increasing compound administered causes an increase in hepatic glutathione synthesis.
- 14. (Cancelled)
- 15. (Cancelled)
- 16. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 9 wherein the glutathione increasing composition is administered orally.
- 17. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 9 wherein the glutathione increasing composition is administered by intravenous injection.
- 18. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 9 wherein the glutathione increasing composition is 8-bromo-cGMP.

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19-20. (Cancelled)

21. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 9 wherein the nitric oxide donor is SIN-1.

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22. (Previously Presented And Withdrawn) The method of claim 9 wherein the hepatic nitric

oxide donor is molsidamine.

23. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 9 further comprising administering a

pharmaceutically acceptable anti-oxidant.

24. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 9 wherein the patient suffers from at least

one of non-insulin dependent diabetes, essential hypertension, metabolic obesity, chronic liver

disease, fetal alcohol effects, old age and a chronic inflammatory disease.

25. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 9 wherein the patient is a human.

26-28. (Cancelled)

29. (Withdrawn) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 7 further comprising a

pharmaceutically acceptable antioxidant.

30. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 7 further comprising albumin, liposomes, or bile

salts.

31. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 9 wherein administering the composition

improves glucose uptake in said patient.

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